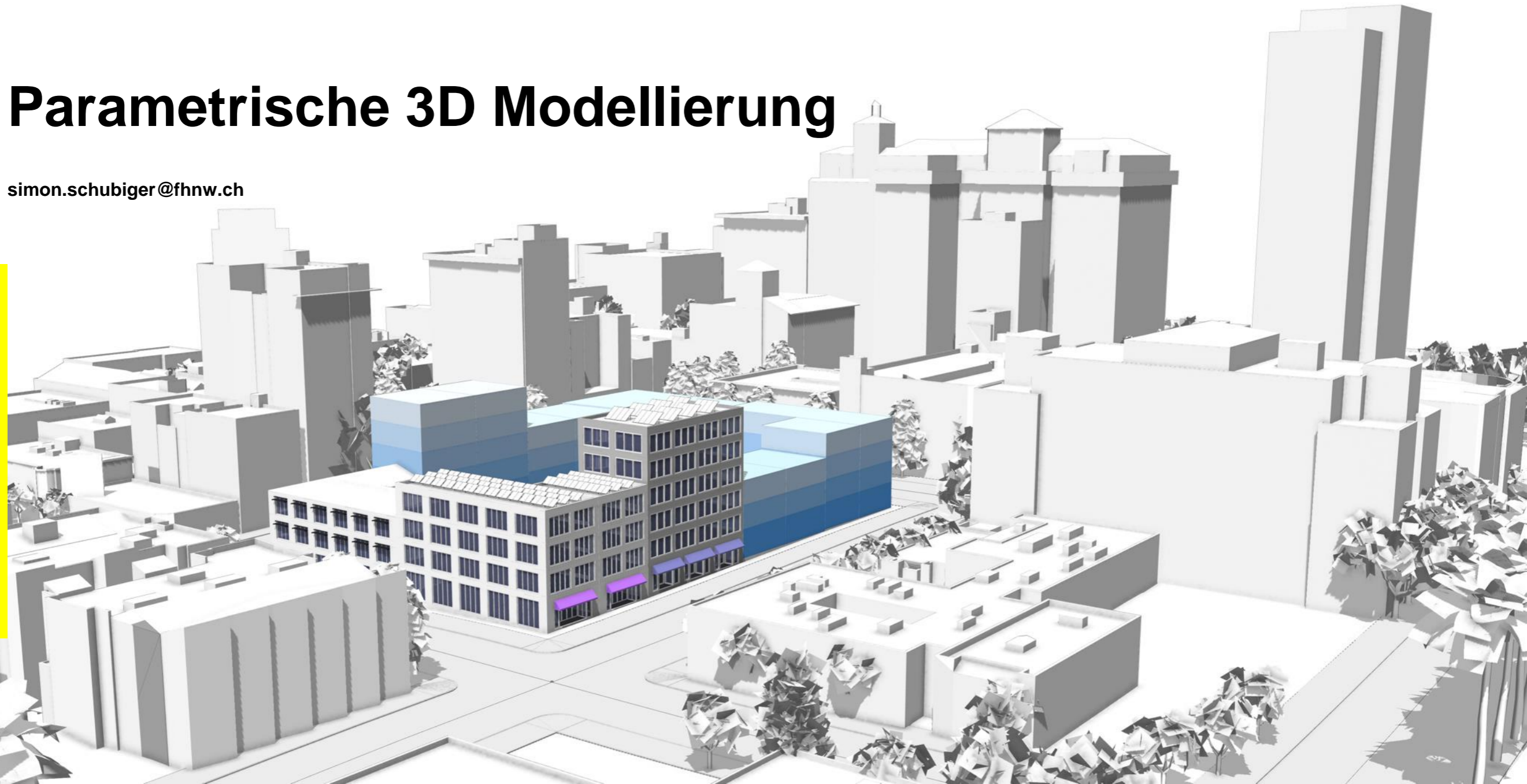


Parametrische 3D Modellierung

simon.schubiger@fhnw.ch

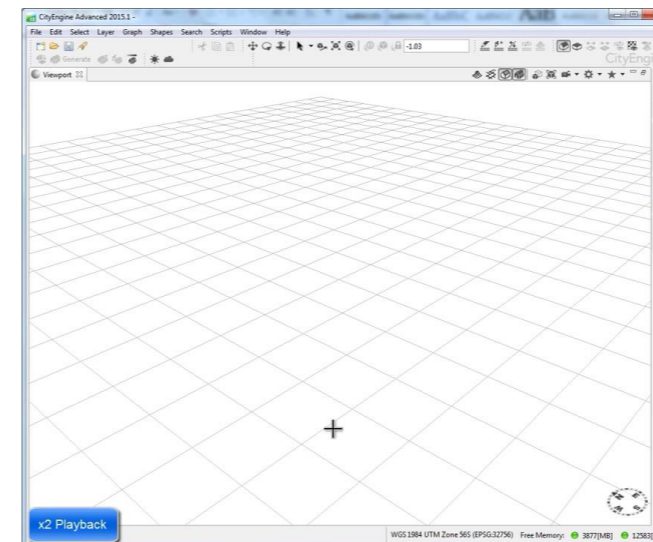
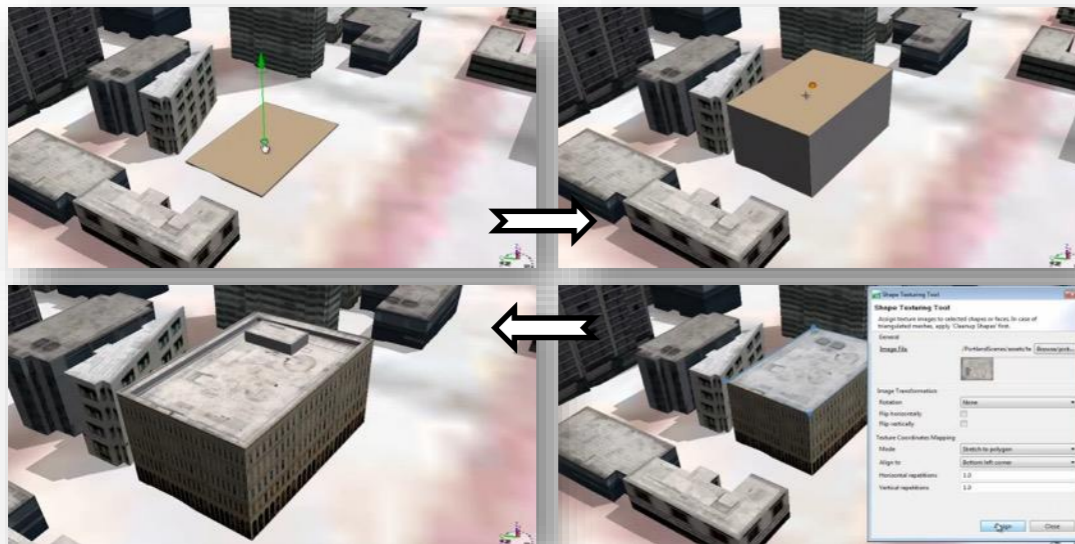


Themen

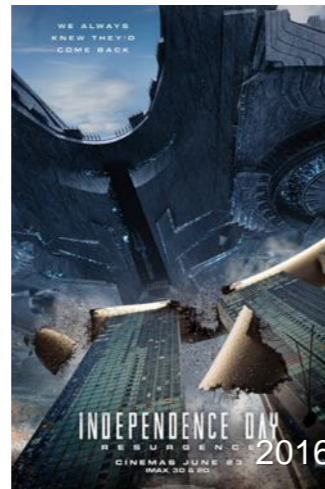
- Polygonmodellierung
- Parametrische Modellierung
- Werkzeuge
- Anwendungsbeispiele
 - Städteplanung
 - Vegetation
 - Analyse
 - Verkehrsnetzwerke
 - Rekonstruktion

Polygonmodellierung

- Modellierung der Begrenzungsflächen
- Bibliothek von geometrischen Grundkörpern und spezialisierten Elementen
- Vielzahl von 2D und 3D Werkzeugen



Parametrische Modellierung



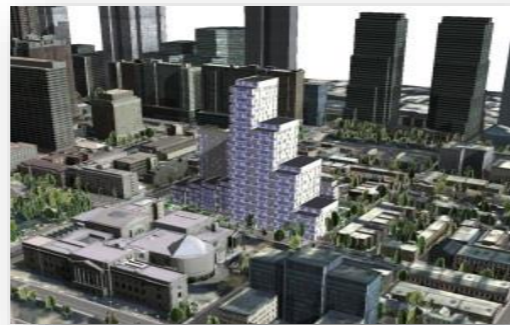
...

Parametrische Modellierung

- Identifikation der Parameter
- Identifikation der Kennzahlen



Volumendefinition (LoD2)



Fassaden (LoD3)



Detaillierte Fassaden / Innenräumen (LoD3/LoD4)

```

attr nStories_Retail =
40%: 1
40%: 2
10%: 3
10%: 4
else: 0

attr nStories_Office =
40%: 2
40%: 3
10%: 4
5%: 5
5%: 6
else: 0

attr nStories_Industrial =
20%: 1
50%: 2
20%: 3
10%: 4
else: 0

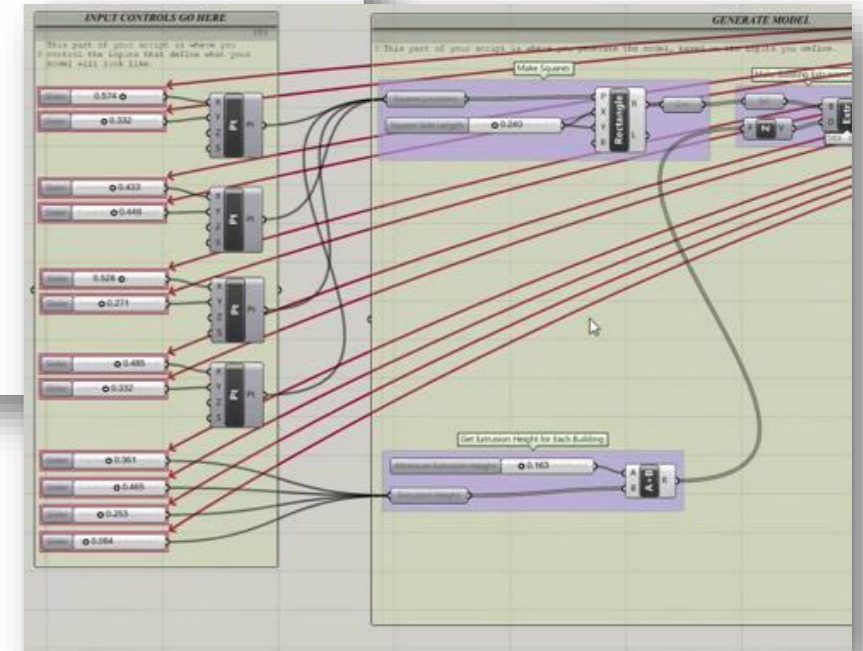
Lot--> SPLIT_LOT

SPLIT_LOT -->
case geometry.area() > 5000 :
case scope.sx > scope.sz :
case scope.sx > 100 :
split(x) (-75:SPLIT_LOT)*
else:
SEL_SET
else :
case scope.sz > 100 :
split(z) (-75:SPLIT_LOT)*
else:
SEL_SET
else :
SEL_SET

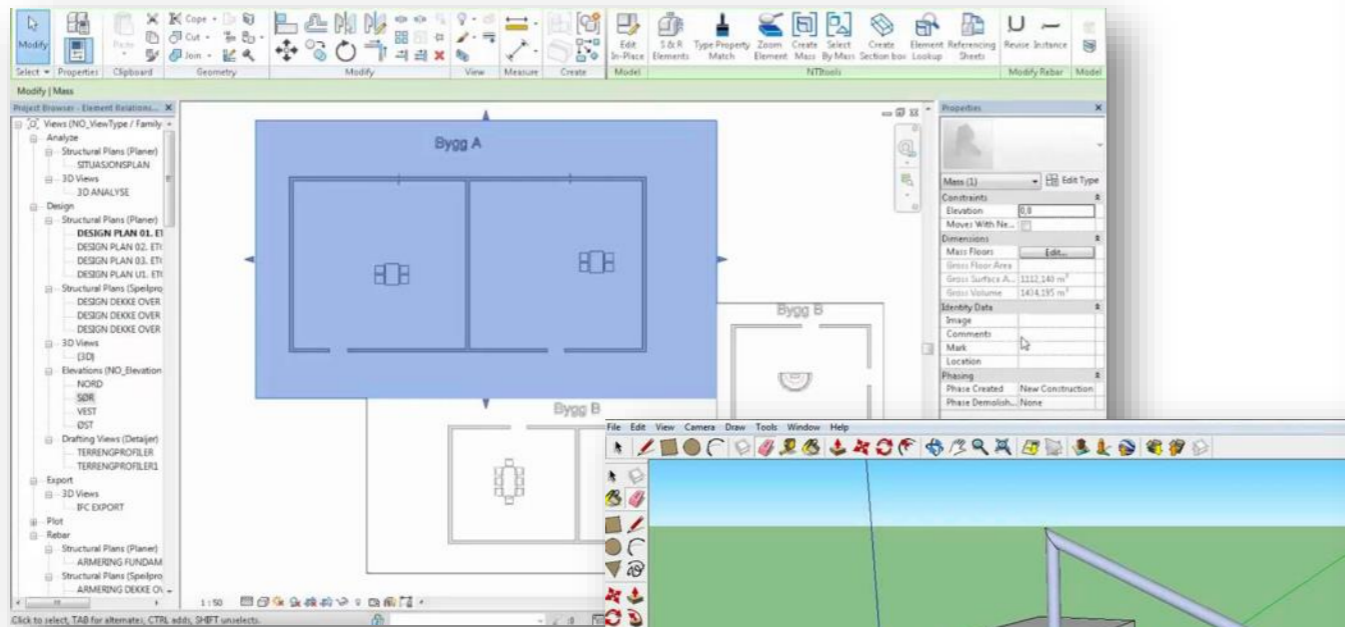
SEL_FLAT-->
case selSet == "set0":
color("#FF4444")
case selSet == "set1":
color("#44FF44")
case selSet == "set2":
color("#4444FF")
else:
NIL

SEL_SET-->
case selSet == "set0":
color("#FF4444")
SEL_BLDG_TYPE
case selSet == "set1":
color("#44FF44")
SEL_BLDG_TYPE
case selSet == "set2":
color("#4444FF")
SEL_BLDG_TYPE
else:
NIL

```

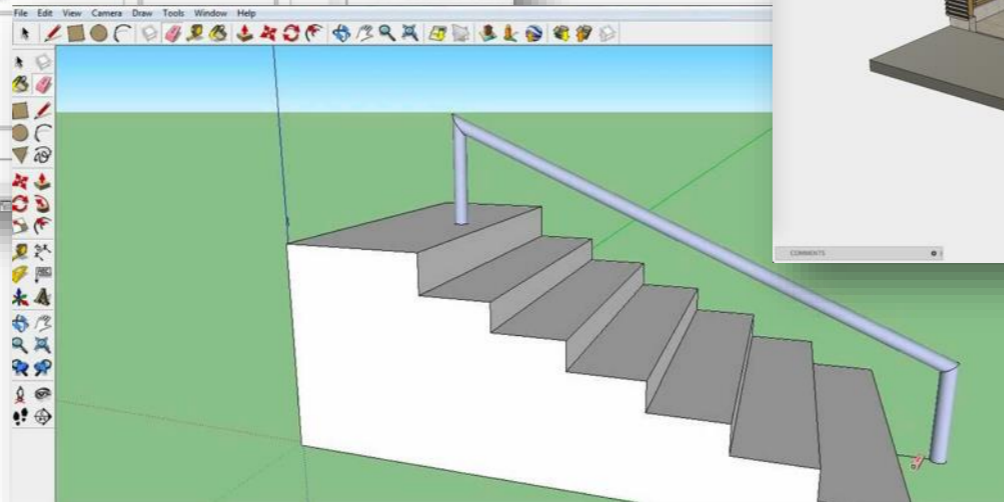
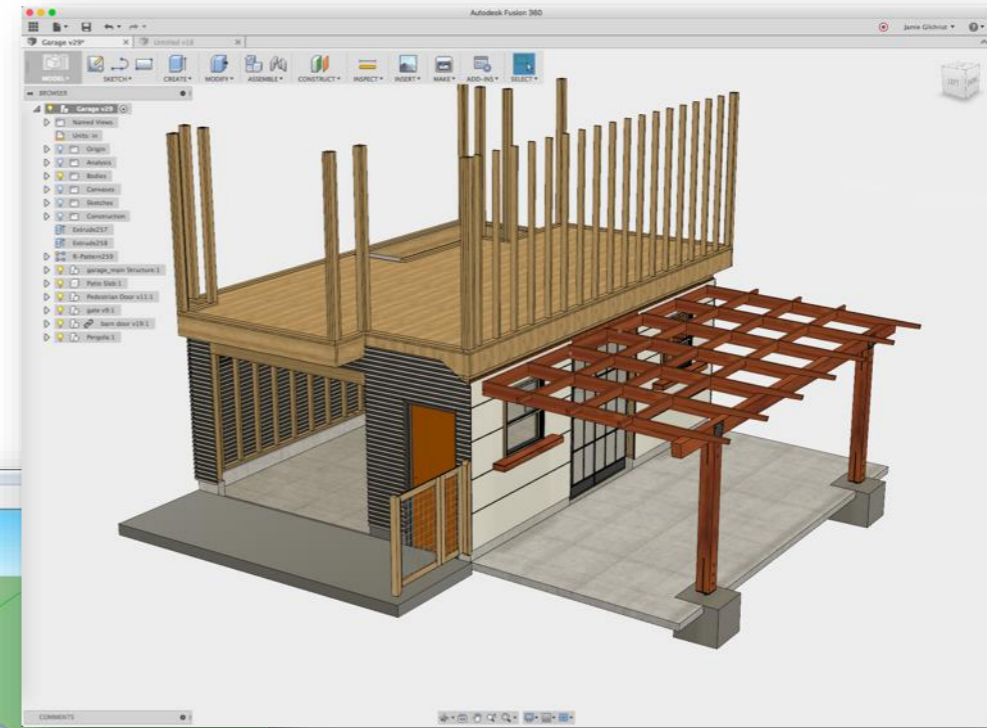


Werkzeuge (Beispiele)



Autodesk Revit

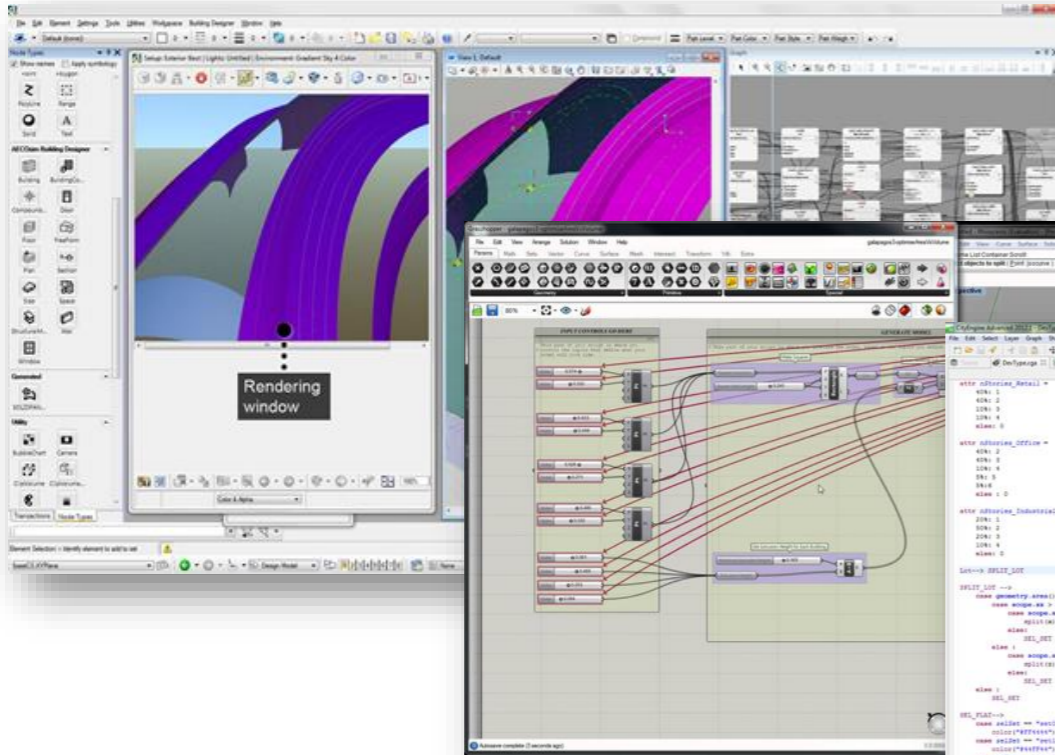
Autodesk Fusion 360



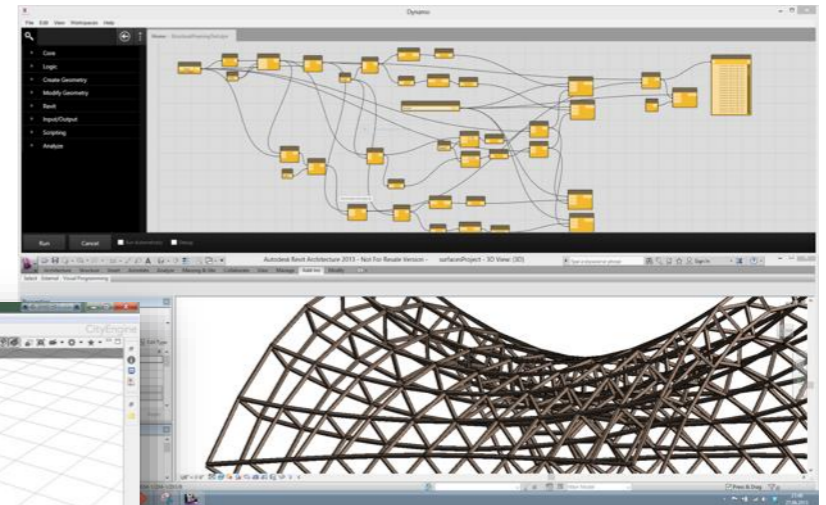
Trimble SketchUp

Werkzeuge (Beispiele)

Rhinoceros Grasshopper



Bentley GenerativeComponents



Autodesk Revit + Dynamo

Esri CityEngine



Anwendung: Städteplanung



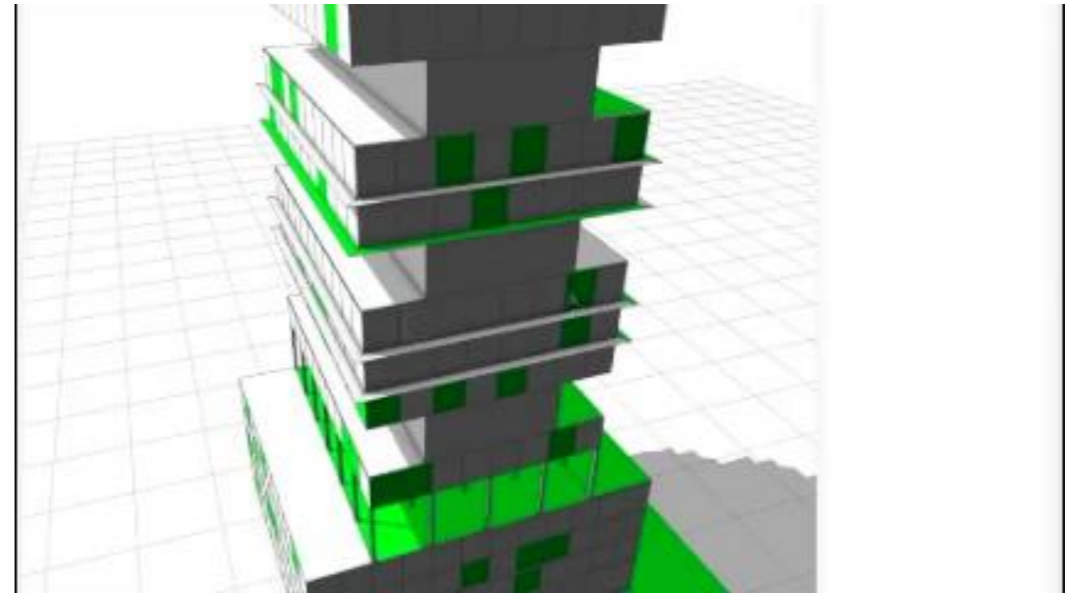
Geometrie + Attribute + Regeln



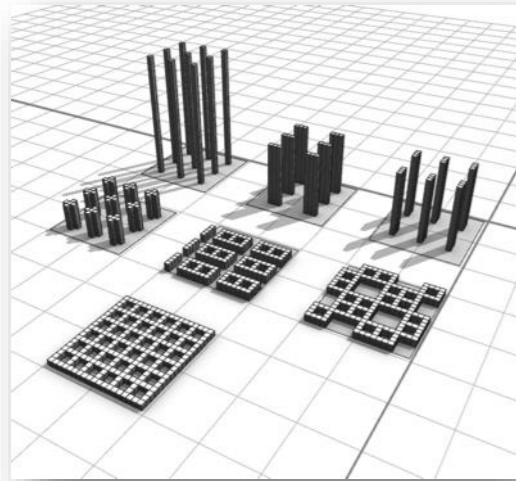
Interaktive Parametrisierung



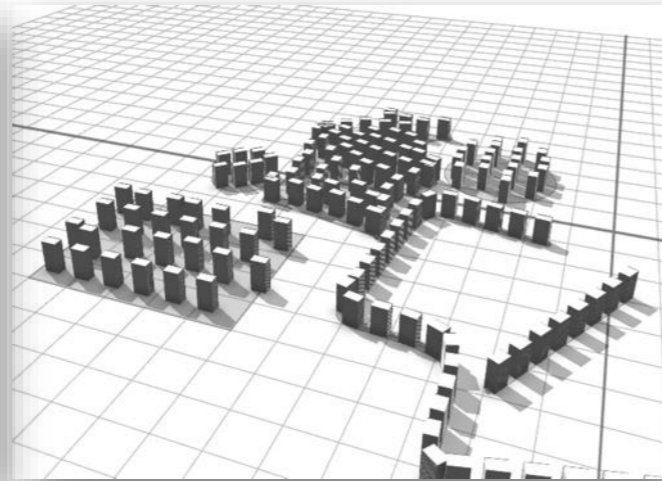
Interaktive Analyse



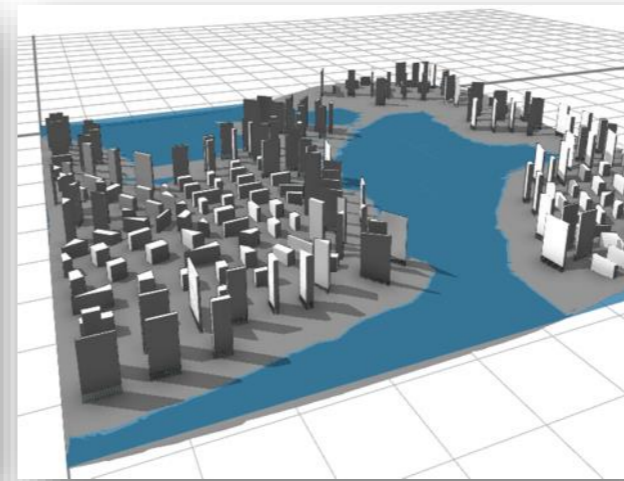
Anwendung: Städteplanung (Beispiele)



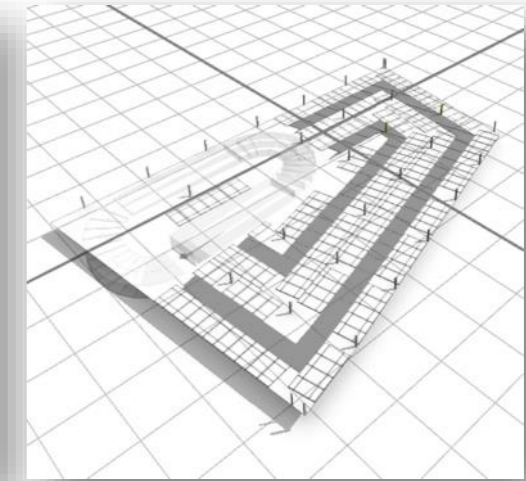
Verdichtung



Gebäudeabstände

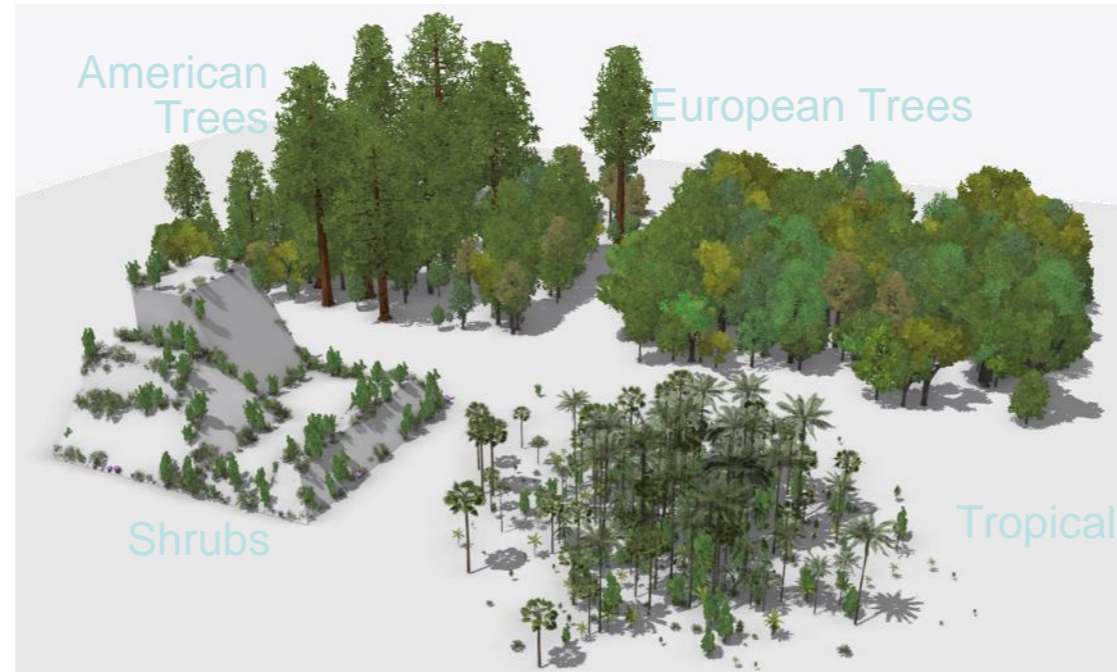
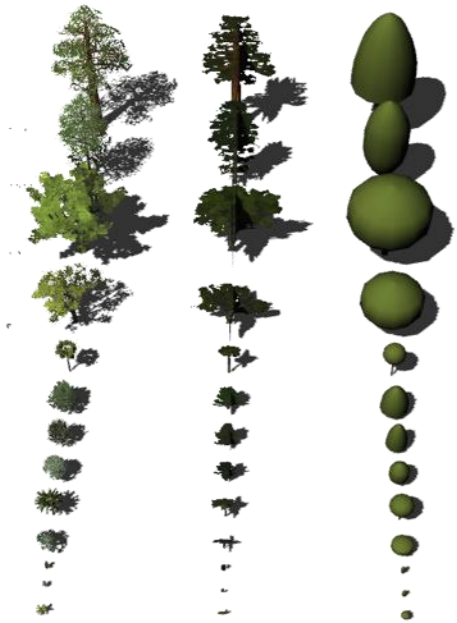


Wasserspiegel

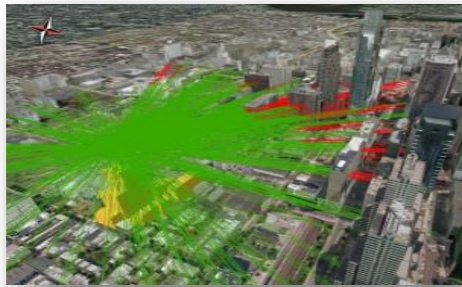


Parkplätze

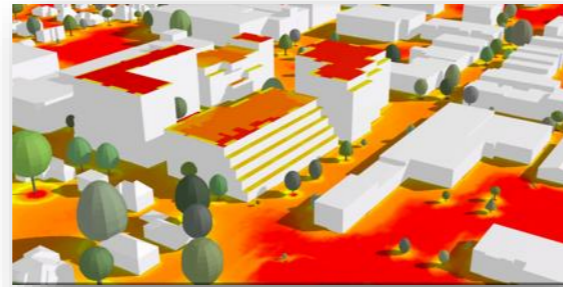
Anwendung: Vegetation



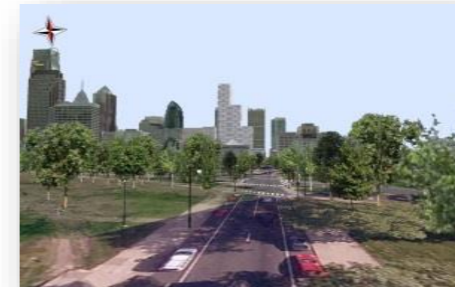
Anwendung: Analyse



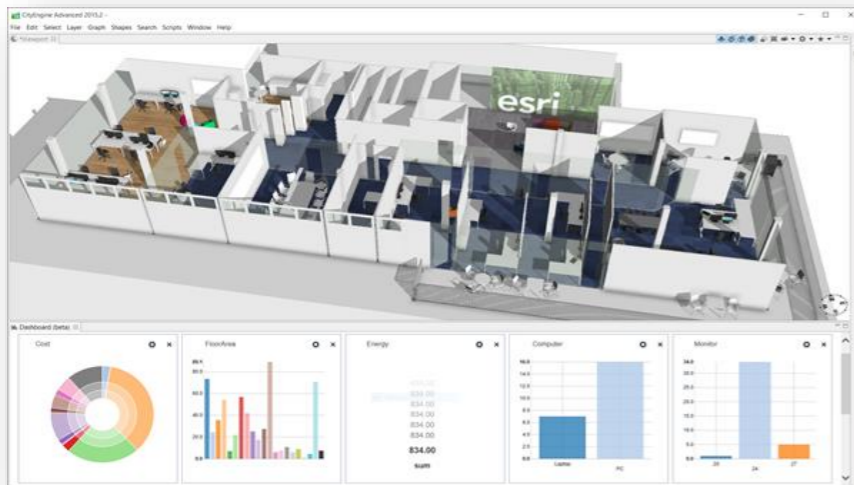
Sichtbarkeit



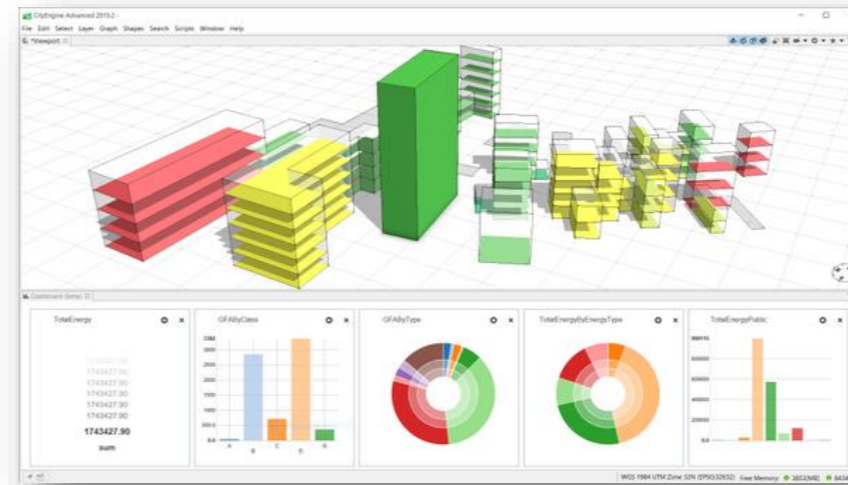
Sonnenstrahlung



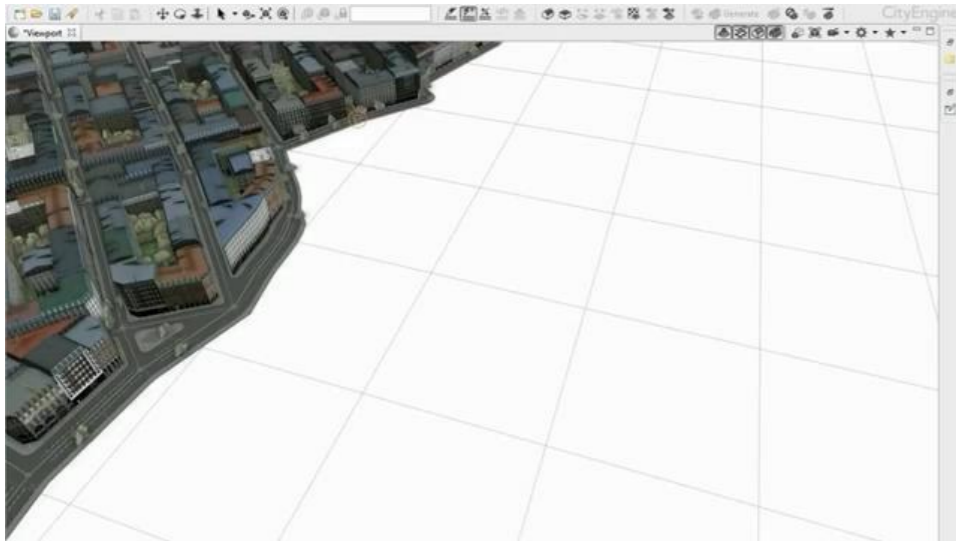
Skyline
Visualisierung



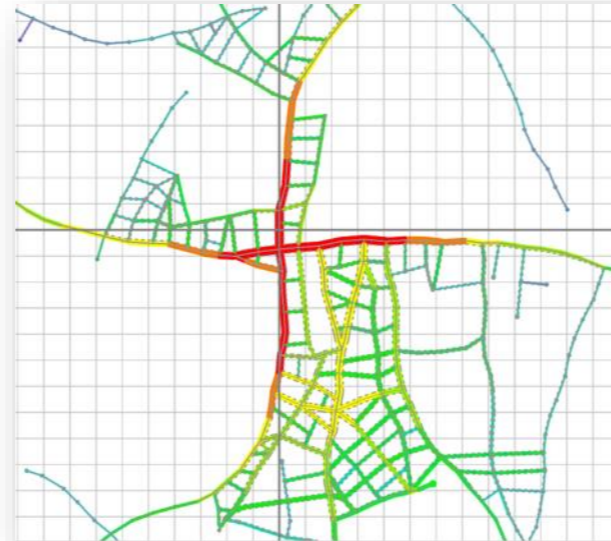
Szenarien / Kennzahlen



Anwendung: Verkehrsnetzwerke



Interaktives Design



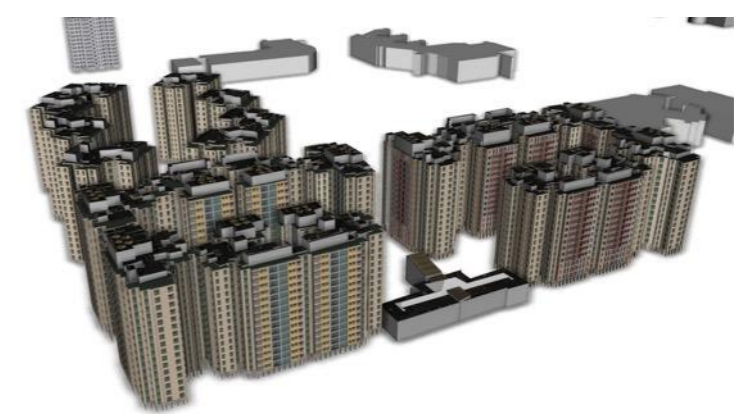
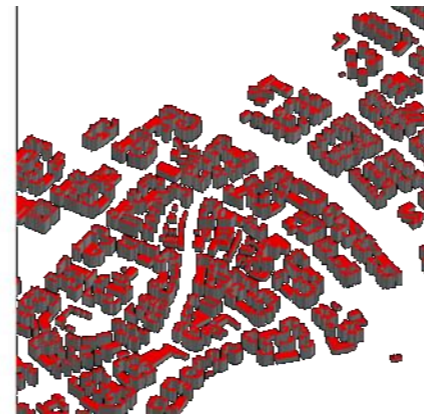
Analyse



Visualisierung

Anwendung: Rekonstruktion (Virtual Singapore)

- Kombination von Luftaufnahmen + LiDAR
- Photogrammetrie
- Klassifikation (ML)
- Strukturerkennung + Parameterextraktion
- Fassadenbibliothek + parametrische Generierung
- Manuelle Korrekturen



Zusammenfassung

- Polygonmodellierung und parametrische Modellierung wachsen zusammen
- GIS + Regeln
- Parameter und Kennzahlen
- Zeitersparnis bei iterativem Entwurf
- Szenarien und Vergleiche

- Zukunft: automatische Optimierung

